Career Promotions for Technologists and Radiographers in Nuclear Medicine Fairmont House, York – 14 July 2011

# Practice Development & Educational Requirements in Hybrid Imaging

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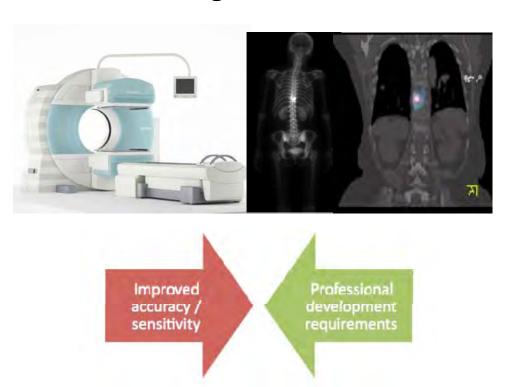


bettertogether

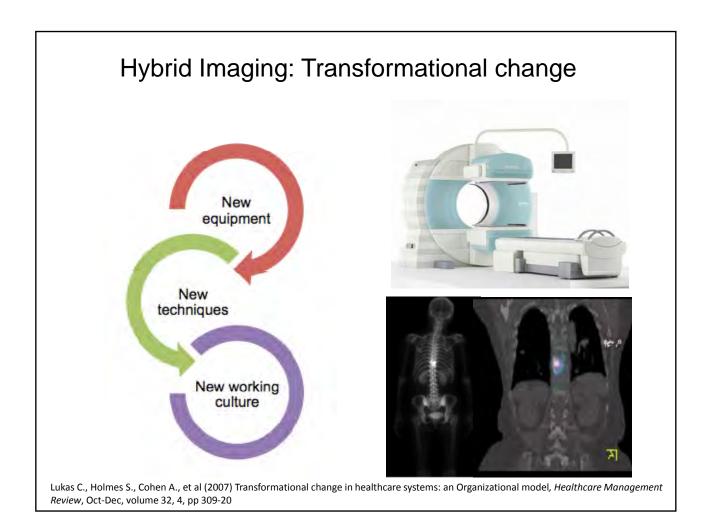
#### Overview

- Current technology position within nuclear medicine
- Emergence of a new culture and clinical skills
- Appropriate use of Computed Tomography (CT) within modern hybrid imaging practice
- Training & audit: Defining role development in hybrid imaging
- Challenges / opportunities
- Defining the educational requirements within hybrid imaging
- Future considerations

## Technological advancements

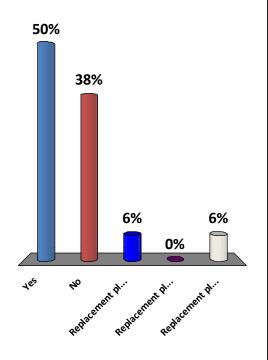


Department of Health (2009) NHS 2010-2015: From Good to Great. Preventative, People Centred, Productive [online] available from <a href="http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/Publicationsandstatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/DH\_109876">http://www.dh.gov.uk/en/Publicationsandstatistics/Publications/PublicationsPolicyAndGuidance/DH\_109876</a> [Accessed on 27/05/2011]



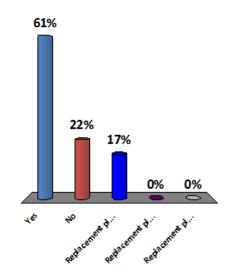
# Do you currently have a SPECT/CT System in your department?

- 1. Yes
- 2. No
- 3. Replacement planned for next 12 months
- 4. Replacement planned for next 2 years
- 5. Replacement planned sometime in the next 5 years

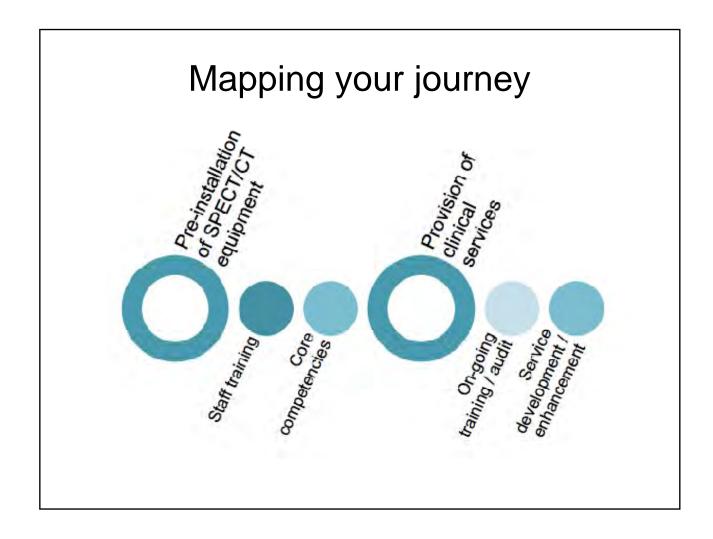


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Source: BNMS Spring 2011 Meeting, Brighton

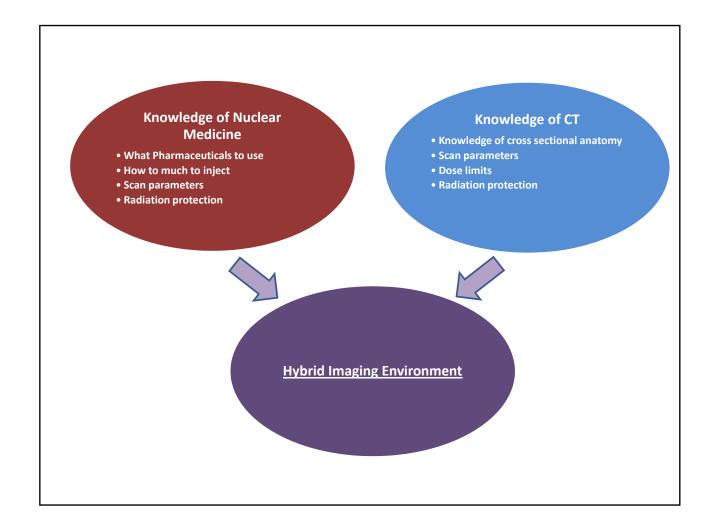


## The emergence of a new workforce?

- New working practices Inclusion of CT based imaging
- Complexity of software and "movement" of digital data ? Impact on patient contact
- Greater appreciation of the potential role of nuclear medicine within the patient treatment pathway



**Hybrid Imaging Practitioner** 





# Department profile

- Three system department:
  - Siemens Symbia T4 SPECT/CT
  - Siemens Symbia S SPECT
  - One retained SMV DSTLXi



# Training & development

- CT Training of the Radiographers
  - Only one Radiographer had any previous CT experience
  - All would need CT training
  - Training initially performed by Applications Specialists
- Agency Radiographers also provided a good resource for training

## Training and level of operation

- Mixture of radiographers and technologists within the nuclear medicine department
  - CT Training of the technologist ?
  - Defining "appropriate training" can be difficult
  - In house practical training
  - External theoretical training

# Practice development

Protocols in SPECT/CT

- Appropriate use of CT
- Value of AC & one stop shop imaging approaches

Quality control measures

- Optimising techniques
- Dose considerations & QC checks

Knowledge & Skills development

- Knowledge and understanding
- Radiation safety considerations

# Considerations for role development

- Clinical SPECT/CT protocols:
  - Change of patient pathway
  - Diagnostic CT examinations
  - Potential use of contrast agents
- Training & audit:
  - CT acquisition protocols and processing parameters
  - Exam optimisation and dose minimisation
- Reporting:
  - NM Physician
  - Radiologist
  - Is there potential for Nuclear Medicine Practitioner reporting in Hybrid Imaging?

# Transformational Change # 2

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Two systems:

SPECT/CT – 16 slice SMV DSTLXi



# Background / training

- Previous CT experience prior to the introduction of a SPECT/CT system
- Business case for SPECT/CT system included:
  - Ability to perform stand-alone CT
  - Ability to perform contrast enhanced CT studies
  - Support Radiotherapy with post I-131 ablation examinations
- Necessity to "map" new patient workflows within the SPECT/CT environment
- Appropriate use of CT component
- Training of staff who had not used CT before
- Knowledge and skills development essential
- Departmental links with the local Oncology centre

## Practice development

- Greater need for formal training and recognised qualifications to ensure the smooth running of the new service
- Extra training has been valuable:
  - Practitioners confidence to evaluate their own work with the new technology,
  - Gain an understanding of the various factors that can be manipulated in order to optimise image quality.
  - Improved working relationship with the CT department
  - Appreciation of dose implications from Multislice CT

#### Example of an emerging technique: Hybrid Imaging

- Introduction of new I-131 thyroid ablation scanning:
  - Integration of extra workload on a busy SPECT/CT system
  - Opportunity to develop working practices with the radiotherapy isotope team based at the oncology centre.
  - Improved understanding of other professional roles within the patient pathway and promote the changing capabilities of nuclear medicine and SPECT/CT
  - Improved job satisfaction

#### Role development

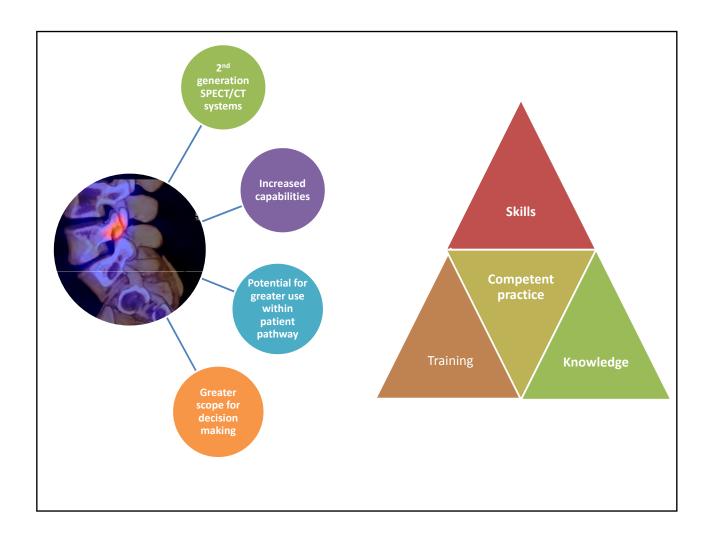
- SPECT/CT for oncology patients:
  - Increased confidence of utilising SPECT/CT as part of the patient pathway
  - Improved confidence demonstrated by HIPs in terms of:
    - Acquisition parameters
    - Cross sectional anatomy
    - Reconstruction factors
    - Display and image "blending" techniques
- Ability to offer Skeletal SPECT/CT as a "one-stop shop" approach



#### Meeting the needs of the workforce

- Training and education is essential
- SPECT/CT has impacted (+) greatly on our clinical service and on the skill development of the staff involved in running the service
- Several new services are now supplied by our department as a direct consequence of the new technology at our disposal
- Major changes in our working practices
  - Incorporation of "out of hours" CT lists on SPECT/CT system
  - Extra pressures on staff to provide CT examinations in normal working hours
  - Provision of a "one-stop shop" service for oncology patients: Improved patient experience and role development

Арр	ropriate use	of CT within environment	a hybrid imaging t	

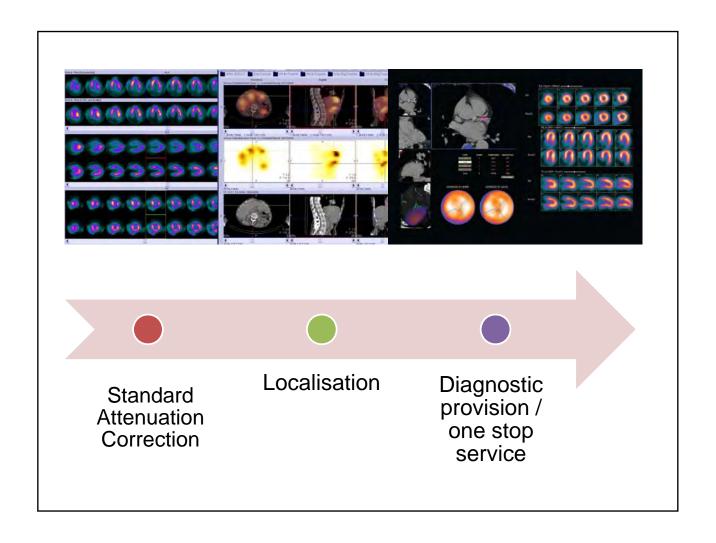


## Defining the use of CT in Hybrid Imaging

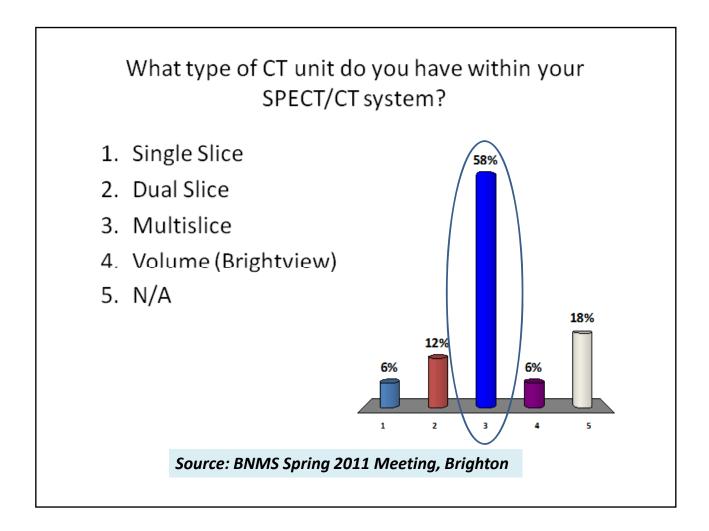
- Impact of hybrid imaging will be greater for SPECT/CT than PET/CT (Roach et al, 2006)
- Low dose CT can be performed to localise regional uptake areas identified on the NM scan
- Decisions need to be made with regards to the transmission (CT) dose levels used with the NM examination in SPECT/CT



Roach P., et al (2006) SPECT/CT imaging using a spiral CT scanner for anatomical localization: Impact on diagnostic accuracy and reporter confidence in clinical practice, *Nuclear Medicine Communications*, Vol 27, pp 977-987

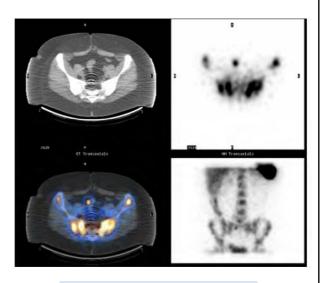


# What type of CT unit do you have within your SPECT/CT system? 1. Single Slice 2. Dual Slice 3. Multislice 4. Volume (Brightview) 5. N/A



### Training & audit

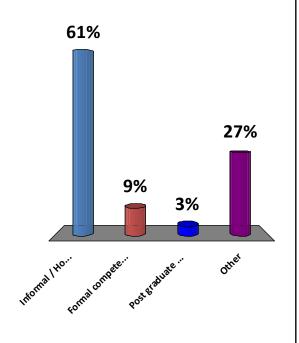
- Level of training should reflect the profile of your clinical department
- Assumptions of professional backgrounds should be treated with caution
- Training requirements should be factored into the business case for your new system
- Familiarisation with equipment & unexpected images necessary
- Audit system should be in place to monitor performance
- Regular Personal Development Reviews undertaken



Ring artefact on CT data set

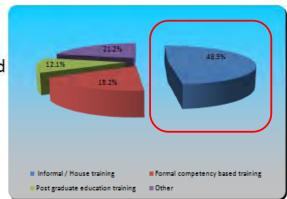
# What form of training have you / your staff undergone with regards to the use of CT?

- 1. Informal / House training
- 2. Formal competency based training
- 3. Post graduate education training
- 4. Other



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Source: BNMS Spring 2011 Meeting, Brighton

#### Compartmental model: Hybrid Imaging examinations



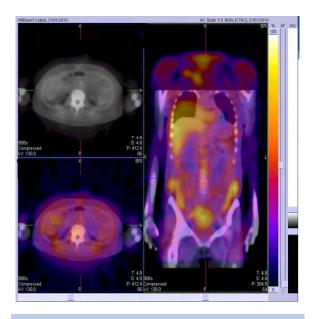
NHS Institute for Innovation and Improvement: Quality and Service Improvement Tools:

PDSA (Plan, Do, Study, Act) SBAR (Situation, Background, Assessment, Recommendation)

http://www.institute.nhs.uk/option,com\_quality\_and\_service\_improvement\_tools/Itemid,5015.html

## Problem solving abilities

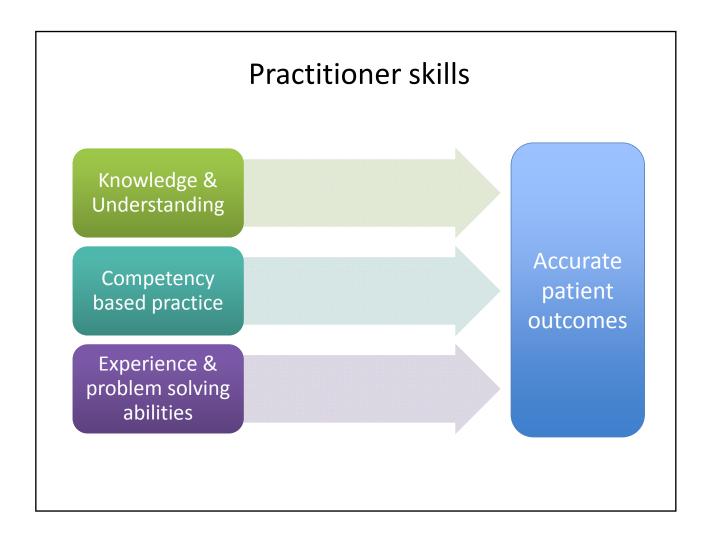
- Experiential learning approach
- Pattern recognition
  - Imaging with new isotopes
- Decision making capabilities
- Autonomous practice
- Critical evaluation of working practice



Mis-registration of SPECT and CT data sets

# Knowledge of CT: Possible knowledge gaps

- Knowledge of cross sectional anatomy
- Scan parameters
- Dose limits & reduction techniques
- Radiation protection considerations
- Ability to detect artefacts / problem solve
- Initial Hybrid SPECT/ CT systems provided AC / nondiagnostic images (localisation)
- Role of hybrid SPECT/CT systems has evolved
- Possible to undertake diagnostic CT on all modern SPECT/CT systems



#### Developing the evidence base: CT competencies

- HI Knowledge Exchange (HIKE) Event held at UWE, Bristol in December 2010
- Purpose of the event:
  - Evaluate current clinical practice
  - Debate departmental protocols & decision making skills relating to the optimal use of CT
  - Identify current "gaps" in knowledge / skills base
  - Identify possible future training requirements for all professional disciplines



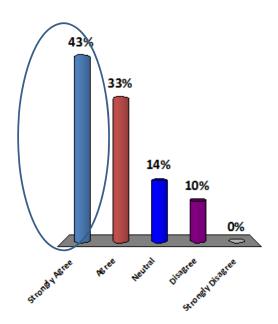
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#### Main outcomes from HIKE

- Variation in SPECT/CT techniques evident
- A lack of understanding of imaging / processing parameters
- Uncertainty as to optimal clinical practice
- Default protocol driven rather than evidence based practice
- Lack of formal training opportunities
- Reliance on cascade training mechanisms
- Some departments relied solely on application training

## SPECT/CT referrals have increased in my department

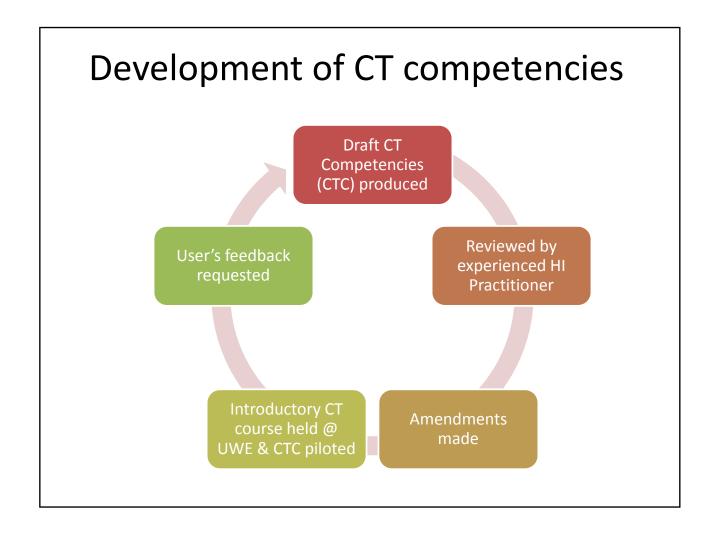
- 1. Strongly Agree
- 2. Agree
- 3. Neutral
- 4. Disagree
- 5. Strongly Disagree



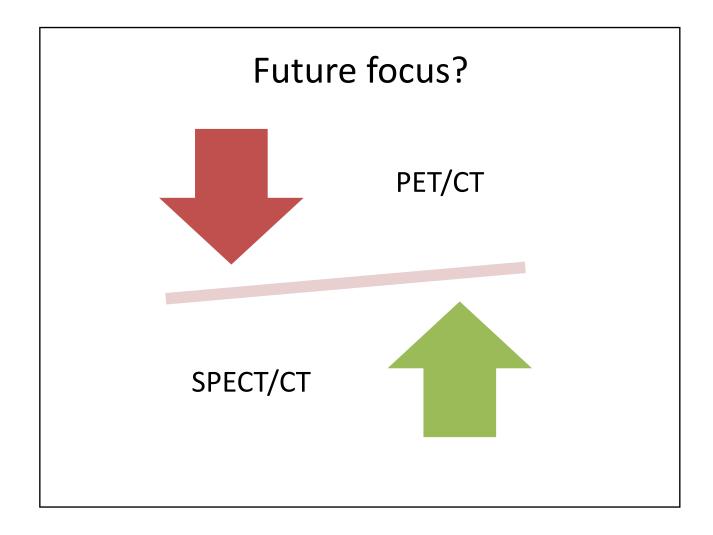
Source: Hybrid Imaging Knowledge Exchange Event, December 2010, Bristol

### Actions resulting from from HIKE event

- Delegate reflections indicate clinical and professional value of formal hybrid imaging training
- Necessity to further develop professional relationships is essential for potential future clinical services
- The need to develop a CT competency framework
- Patient workflow mapping & new imaging techniques to be included in future curriculum



#### **Draft CT Competencies** Depending on your area of clinical practice, performing specific CT quality control tests is an important aspect of daily / weekly imaging. What is the daily CT QC in your hybrid imaging department? University of the West of England, Bristol Faculty of Health and Life Sciences **Allied Health Professions** CT competencies for Nuclear Medicine Practitioners working in a hybrid imaging environment Document owner: Marc Griffiths / University of the West of England, Bristol The following images identify typical set ups for weekly CT QC in PET/CT and SPECT/CT: Document date: 30<sup>th</sup> December 2010 Water phantom set up in PET/CT Water phantom set up in SPECT/CT How does this compare with the weekly CT setup in your hybrid imaging department? Nuclear Medicine Practitioners consist of Radiographers and Technologists University of the West of England, Bristol University of the West of England, Bristol



# Emergence of new relationships, working cultures & service redesign

- Opportunity for greater presence within the established medical community
- Representation at MDT meetings: presenting findings
   & influencing treatment
- Research / audit active
- Service re-mapping / re-design
- Greater level of professional pride / respect

### Challenges / opportunities

- Departments sharing experiences
- Willingness to work in a collaborative style
- Adding to the evidence base & undertaking funded research
- Greater presence of funded research roles within nuclear medicine
- Clear career trajectory for hybrid imaging workforce
- Unity and harmonisation within the modality

### Reframing of established imaging techniques: Patient Pathway Focussed (Chowdhury and Scarsbrook, 2008)

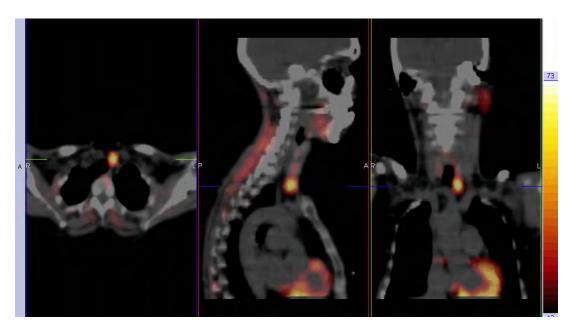


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Chowdhury F., Scarsbrook A., (2008) The role of hybrid SPECT/ CT in oncology: current and emerging clinical applications, *Clinical Radiology*, Volume 63, pp 241-251





### **Future considerations**

- Greater level of CT within Nuclear Medicine training:
  - Cross sectional anatomy
  - Clinical applications & service optimisation
  - Physical principles / Safety considerations
  - Contrast agents
- Greater movement within multi-modality imaging
  - PET/MRI
  - Training programmes specifically for the hybrid imaging workforce
  - Research opportunities

