

Presentation by

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Critical urban facilities, such as airports, healthcare facilities, business districts, markets and shopping centres are exposed to human-induced disasters, as well as natural disasters.





When disasters take place, a short period of time, e.g. 5 min, may mean a significant change in the disaster environment in which rescue personnel have to operate.





In an emergency, up-to-date information is needed for coordination, communication and efficient decision making. This information is difficult to access or does not exists at all.





Unlike the existing computational models of evacuation, the proposed CUBER system is better suited for rehearsal, through simulation, of emergency preparedness and response.





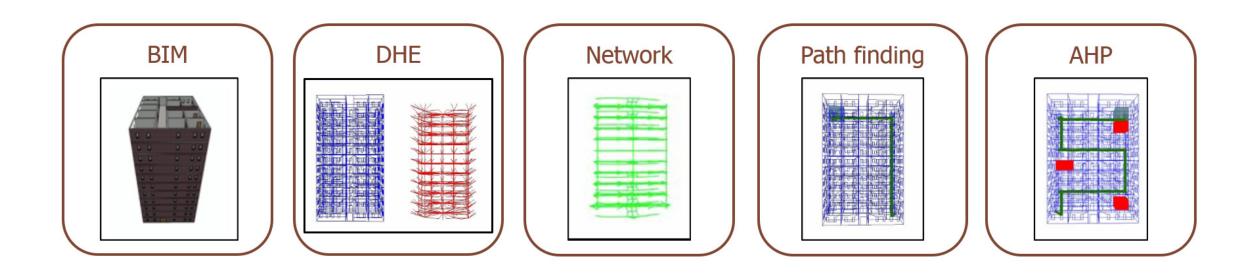
CUBER also facilitates scenario planning for a faster and more appropriate responses to the unexpected on complex building, especially high-rise buildings.





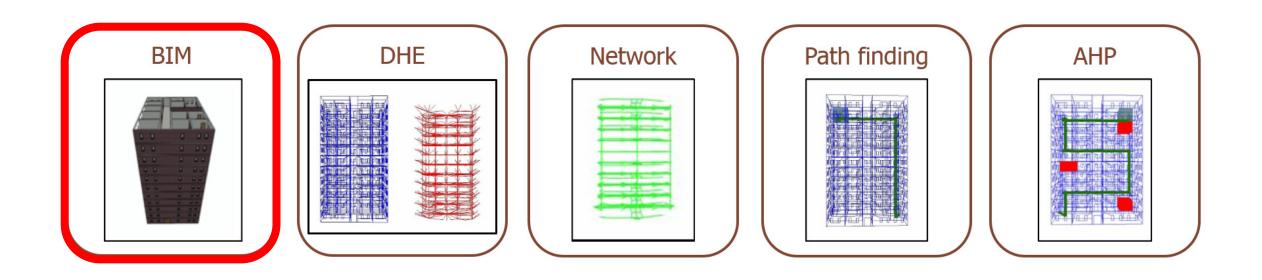
CUBER is aimed for first responders to drastically shorten the time until potential survivors are found.





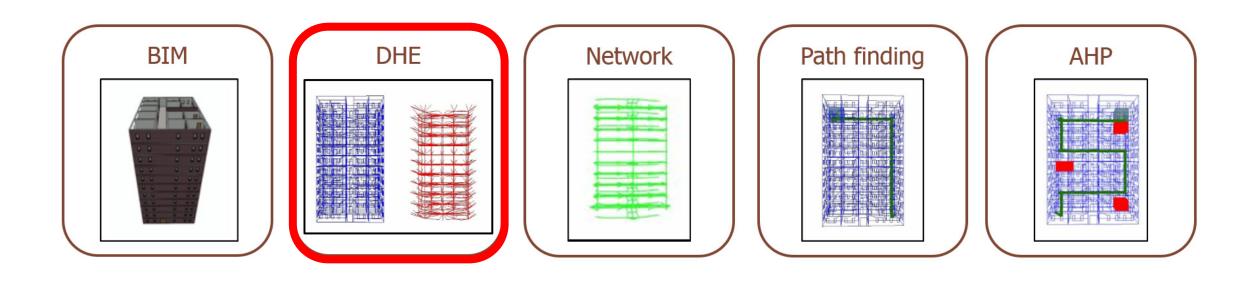
CUBER is a decision-support system for emergency preparedness and response to extreme events addressed to first responders in an emergency situation.





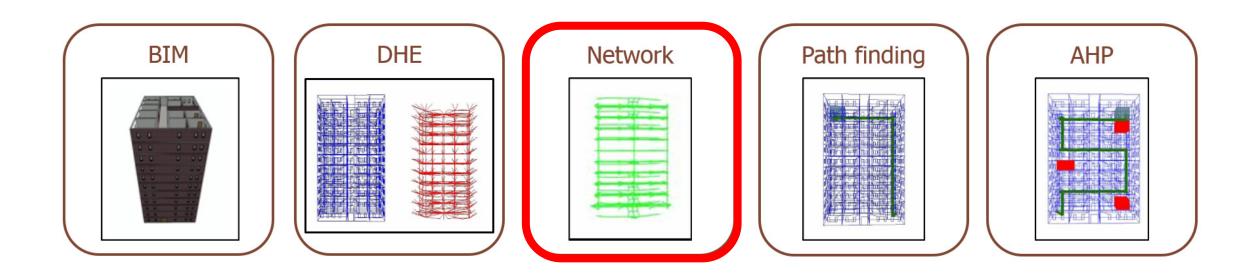
Input: a BIM model created in Autodesk Revit and exported to gbXML





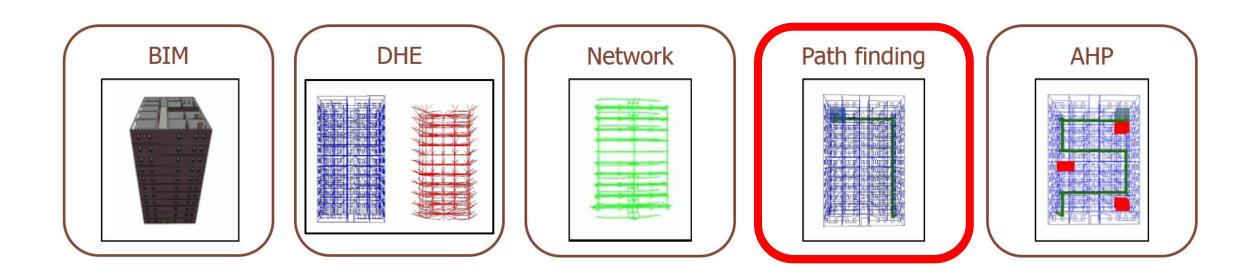
The dual half-edge (DHE) data structure is used to represent the 3D geometry and topology (logical network) of the model





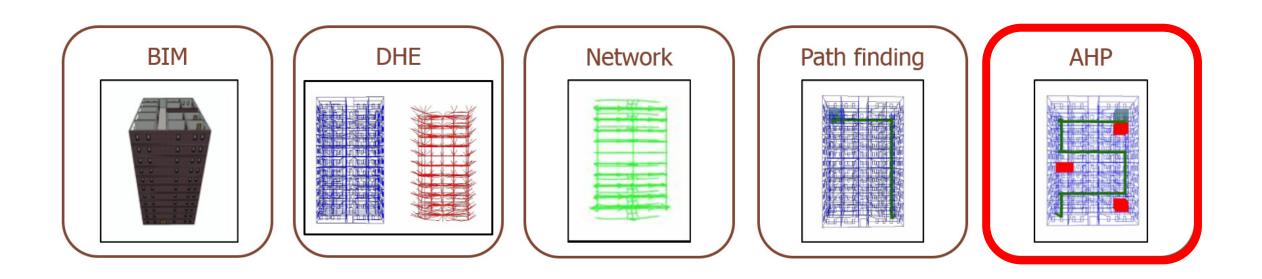
Navigable network is generated for a building based on Voronoi Diagram calculation.





Dijkstra's algorithm is used to find indoor based on three criteria: distance/travel time, hazard proximity and route complexity

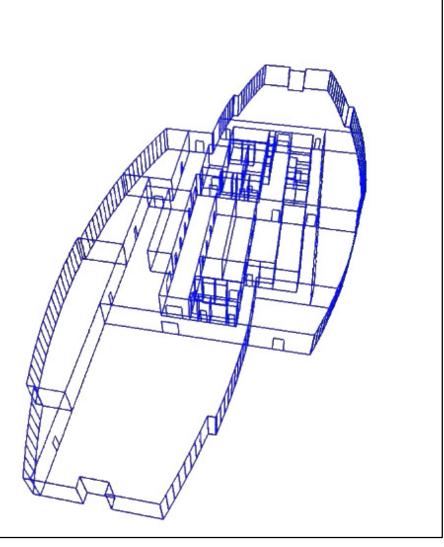




The decision-making technique, Analytic Hierarchy Process (AHP), is used for optimal path finding.

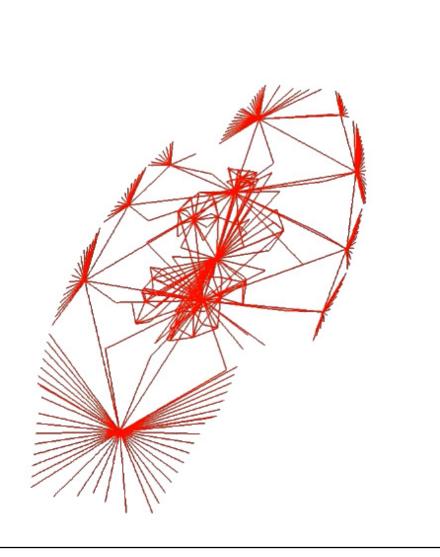


- Primal structure represents the model geometry
- Dual structure represents the model topology (logical network)
- Tessellation critical spaces are tessellated in order to create a navigable network
- Navigable network is used for path finding



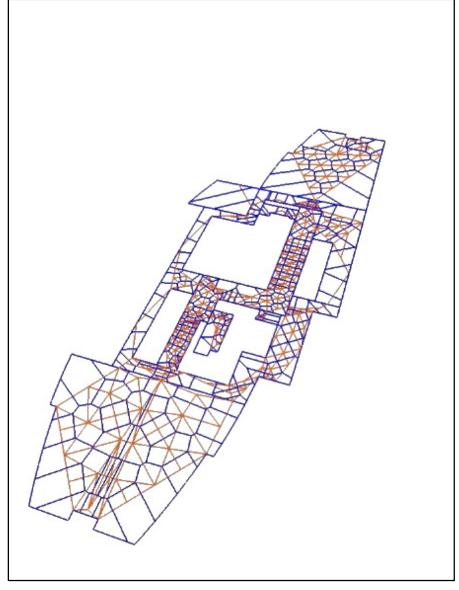


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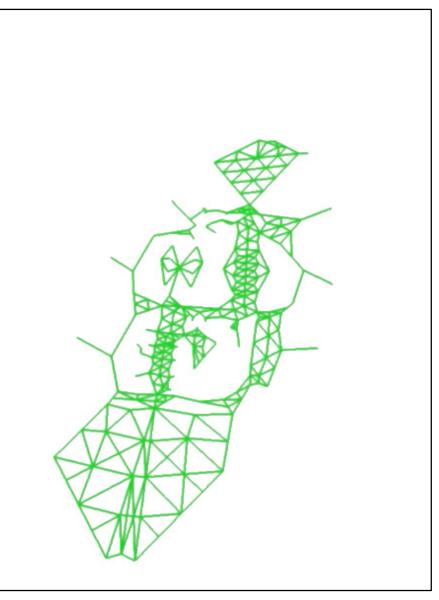


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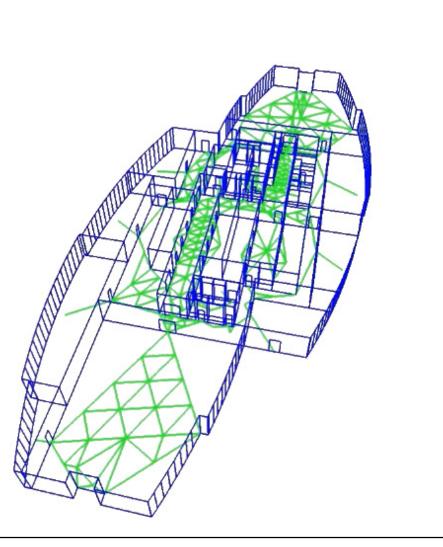


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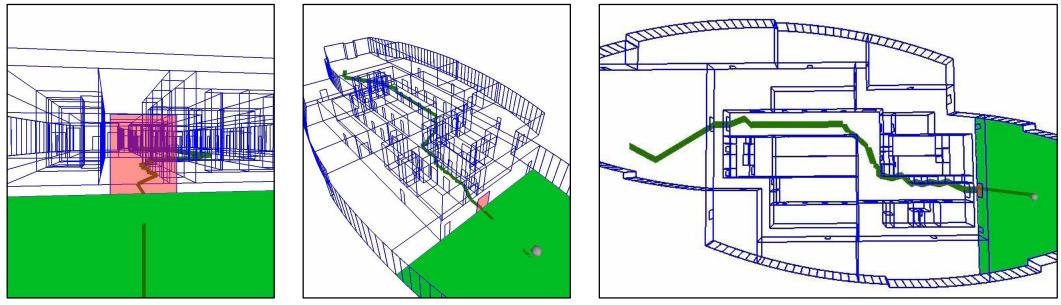




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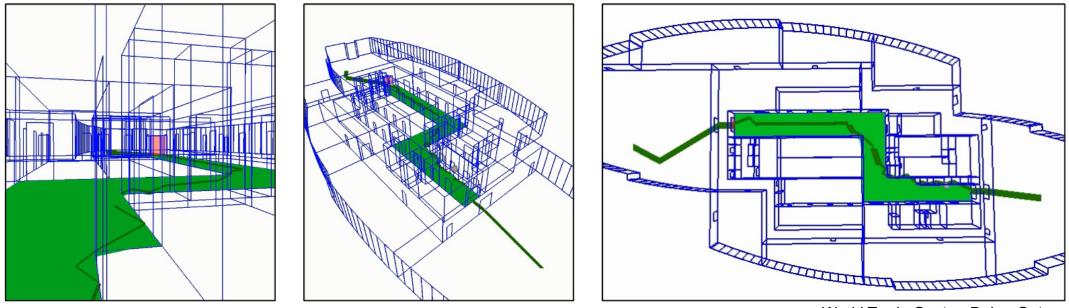




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A set of different paths is calculated taking into consideration hazard location and its propagation inside a building.

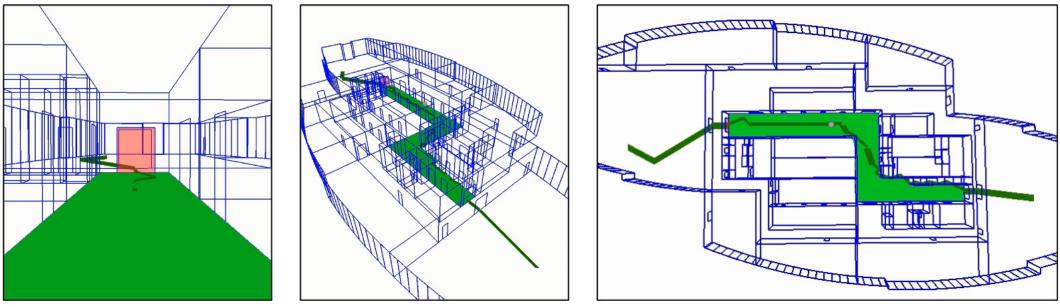




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The same path-finding algorithm, Dijkstra's algorithm, is used for different criteria, where different link weights in the navigable network are attached.





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An optimal path is selected using decision-making technique, which can be used by rescue personnel to avoid dangerous areas.



Analytic Hierarchy Process (AHP) is an advanced decision-making technique developed for the US Government.

We developed a new stochastic version of AHP for optimal route finding based on three criteria: distance/travel time, hazard proximity and route complexity.

The algorithm produces the optimal route which is reasonably safe, short/quick and simple.

#	Source	Destination	Total Weight	Criterion	Tau	Length	Travel Time	Proximity Index	Complexity	AS
1	1627 VIP Office	ext	17075.535534	safest	1	154.60787067	170.75535534	1.80441496963	6.0270568521	0.08498422077
2	1627 VIP Office	ext	423.856380403	safest	1.4247787754	222.79359023	227.39107750	4.18994014396	8.5602824543	0.09444145063
3	1627 VIP Office	ext	2673.4356387	safest	1.18860198569	206.51788062	213.80987790	3.62983078326	7.68527617596	0.08386433960
4	1627 VIP Office	ext	9839.3740430	safest	1.0576782226	183.30437462	194.63969367	3.61038677397	7.3486873843	0.09307686273
5	1627 VIP Office	ext	2974.74156226	safest	1.17703416943	206.37514657	213.69077405	3.63074341073	7.65223362320	0.08407784137
6	1627 VIP Office	ext	1196.99878680	safest	1.28332901836	222.58414960	227.21631062	4.1373202107	8.2755192383	0.09344355724
7	1627 VIP Office	ext	568.268933077	simplest	1	157.66144754	173.30340012	1.6989647765	5.6826893307	0.08561296935
8	1627 VIP Office	ext	59.8230534538	simplest	1.30017867224	207.35251020	214.50633115	3.89290560653	7.2503805247	0.09355444078
9	1627 VIP Office	ext	223.562361832	simplest	1.10624539852	185.72909925	196.66299526	3.79985028783	6.7122265857	0.10138412273
10	1627 VIP Office	ext	340.568763856	simplest	1.05877685546	198.38096765	207.22029532	3.15872228500	6.36400851903	0.08280610206
11	1627 VIP Office	ext	62.371272537	simplest	1.2923559718	184.44067578	195.58787554	3.8215239842	6.68593948378	0.1027540926

Typical output with the optimal path

