Presentation by

Carinna Parraman

Professor of Design, Colour and Print

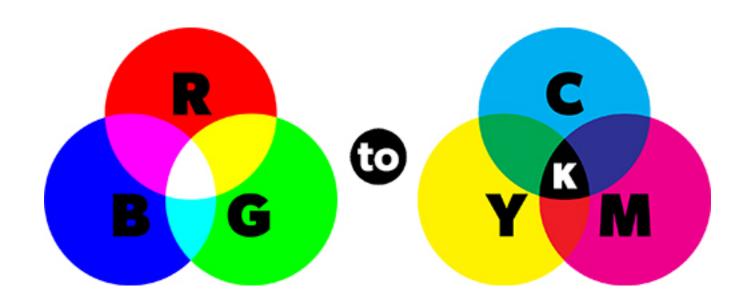
# RGB to CMYK ... and back again

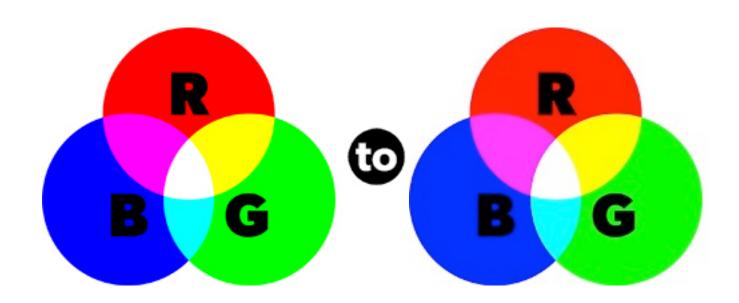
23<sup>rd</sup> June 2017

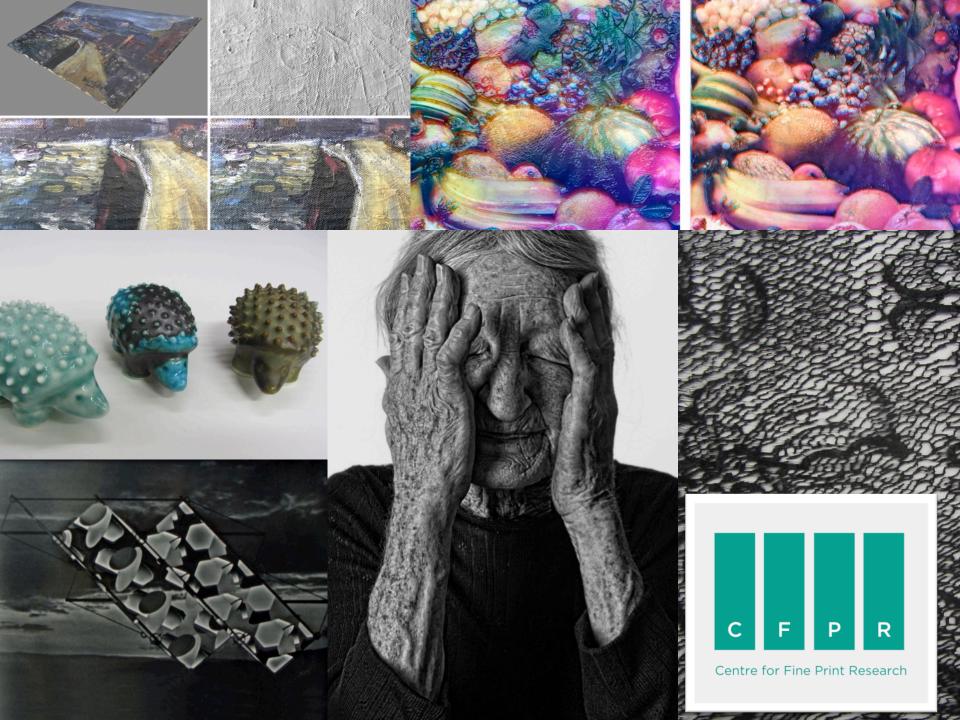




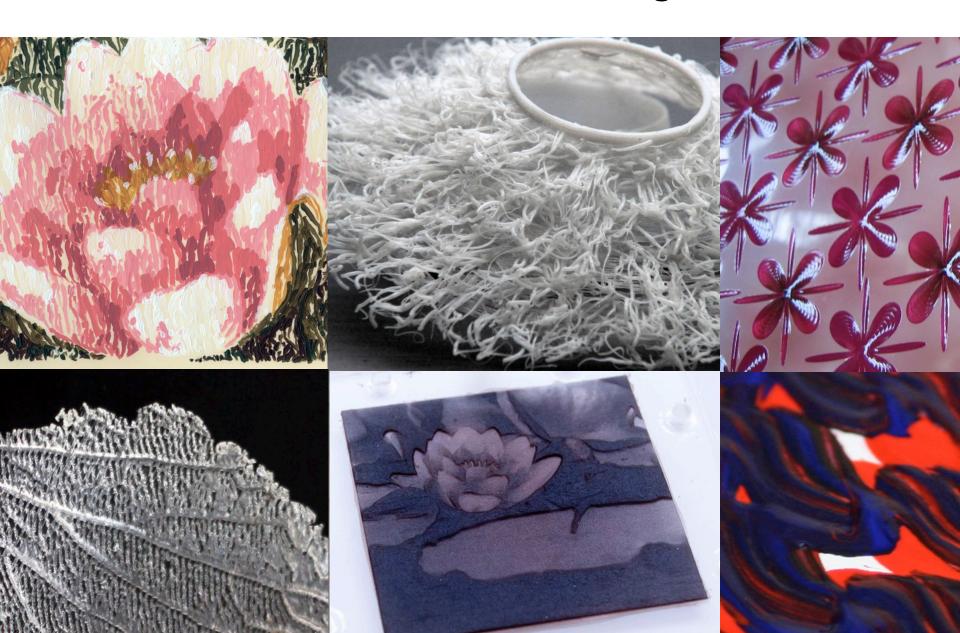








## Relief and 2.5D Printing



## Analogue: Painting and drawing



Painting by Patrick Heron



Charcoal drawing by Van Gogh

#### Digital/bitmap/halftone: Painting software Halftone prints

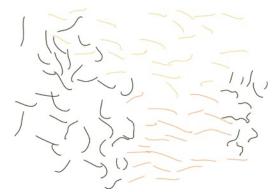


Original MacPaint

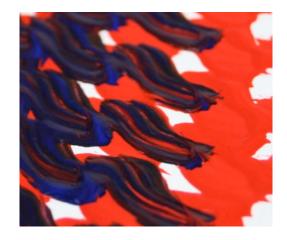


Halftone image of a brushstroke

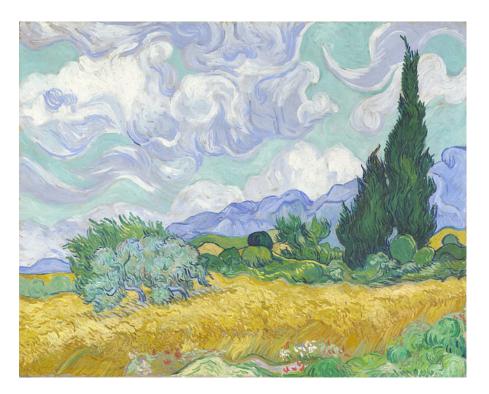
## Digital/vector/analogue: Drawing painting machines



Vector lines generated in Illustrator

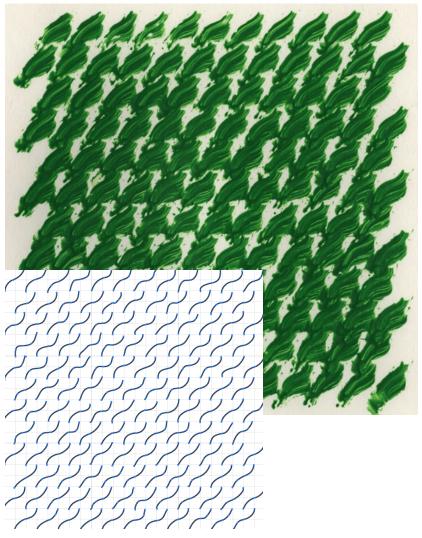


Vector driven painting machine

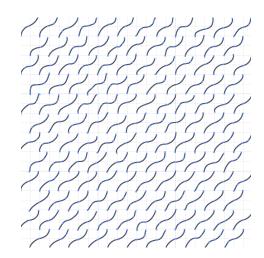




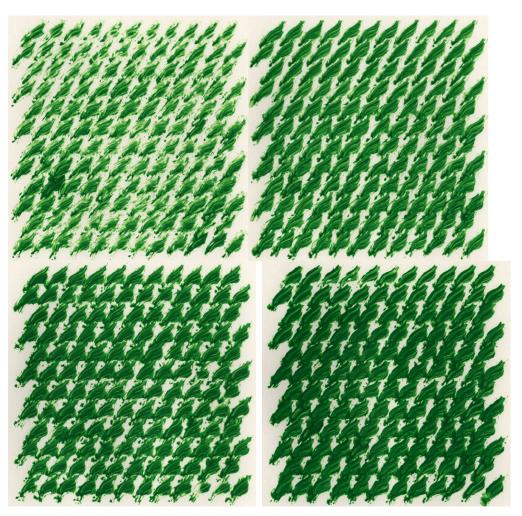
Vincent van Gogh's brush strokes demonstrate a repetitive movement.



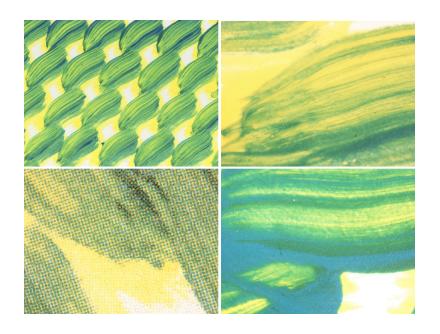
A vector based mark generated In Illustrator (left) that is used to create the repetitive strokes using paint and brushes using the painting machine



Showing hand drawn vector lines in Adobe Illustrator.



Demonstrating an incremental increase of the paint flow



Phthalo Blue and yellow (TL) uniform brush strokes, (TR) translucent layers (BR) brush overloaded with paint, (BL) halftone (TR, BR and BL at 40x magnification)

### David Hockney's instant iPad art

By Colin Grant

Producer, Digital Planet



Artist David Hockney speaks to BBC Click about creating digital artwork for an exhibition in Paris

## Can An iPad Make You Paint Like David Hockney? We Investigate...

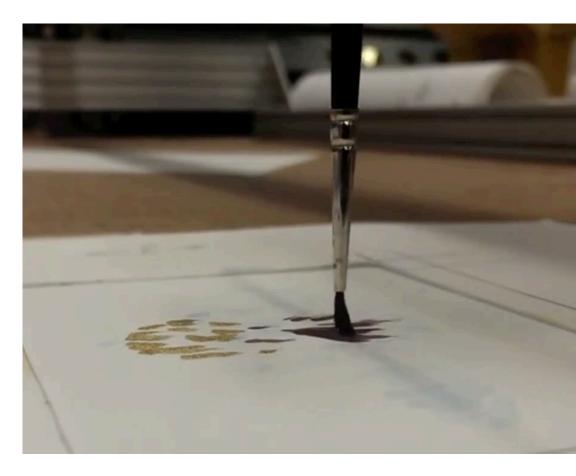


First Posted: 18/01/12 17:42 Updated: 18/01/12 18:31









Parraman and O'Dowd 2017



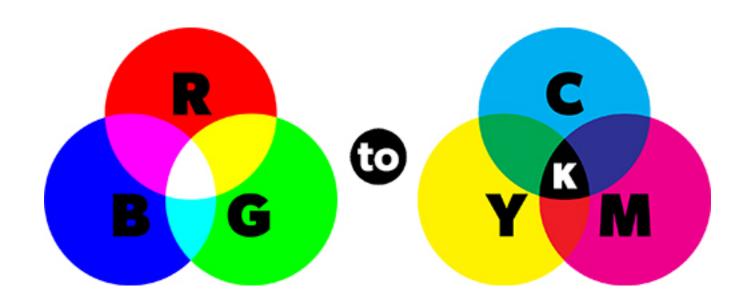
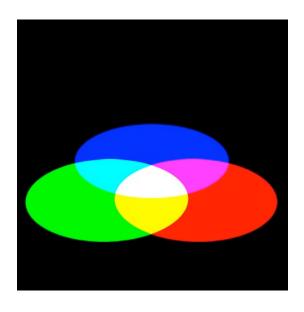




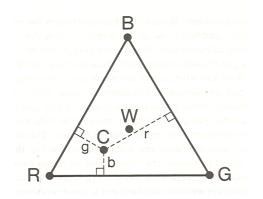


Fig. 83. The Color-top.

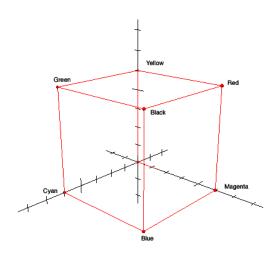


Maxwell's colour-mixing spinner, c.1854 and demonstrating the ratio of colour sections. http://maa.cam.ac.uk/assemblingbodies/exhibition/measurement/capacities/87/

$$\overrightarrow{R_o} + \overrightarrow{G_o} + \overrightarrow{B_o}$$

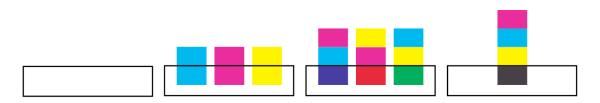


Maxwell's colour triangle with red, blue and green at each point, and the W indicating the white point, in the centre. The figure C represents a coordinate point of the relative lengths of R, G and B (9 parts of red + 4 parts of green + 3 parts of blue). (Illustration from Mahon, p.53)

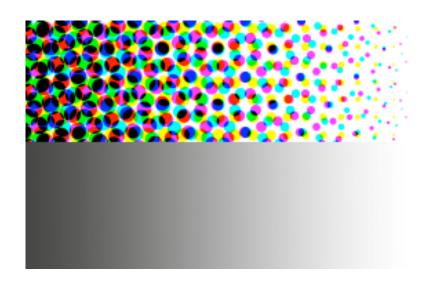




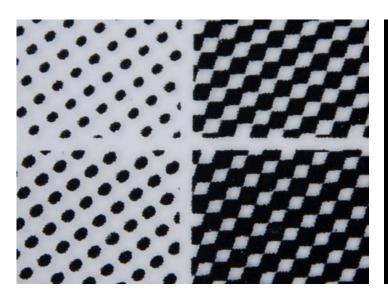
The further vertexes of the cube are cyan ( $C_o$ ), magenta ( $M_o$ ), yellow ( $y_o$ ), white ( $W_o$ ) and black ( $K_o$ ). The white point is the zero (0,0,0).

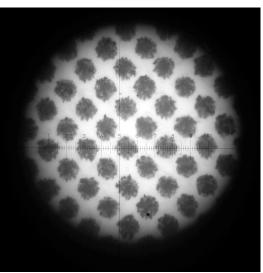


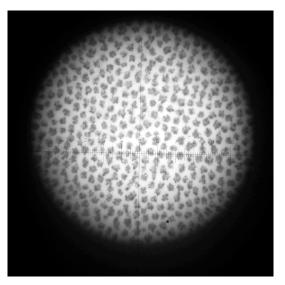
eight primary colours. The primary colours are (from left to right) white (of the paper); cyan, magenta and yellow; blue, red and green; black.

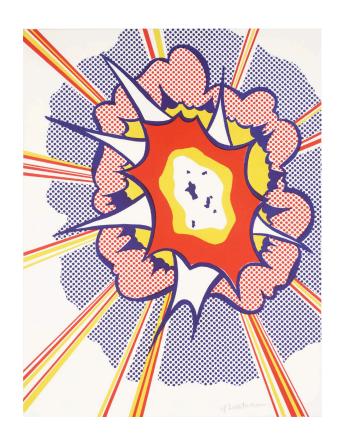


A graded grey is shown and through a simulation of printing of three process colours: cyan, yellow and magenta, onto a white paper shows the overlapping of halftone cells (above) where equal proportions of cyan, magenta and yellow will optically mix to appear as a grey. Note how the spatial distribution increases and the size of the dots decreases as the colours blend to pale grey.









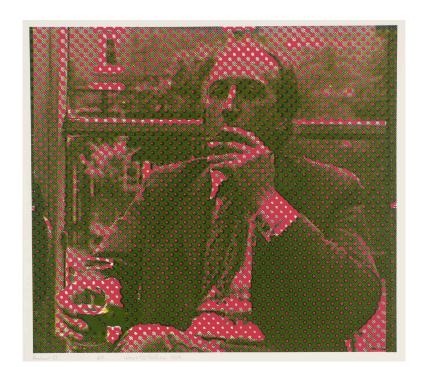


<u>Sigmar Polke</u> (1941-2010) Untitled (Square 2) Ohne titel (Quadrat 2) 2003, Gold paint, oil paint and acrylic paint on canvas (200.3 x 190.4 x 2.0 cm), Tate Gallery.

Roy Lichtenstein (1923-1997) Explosion, 1965-6, Lithograph on paper, 56.2 x 43.5 cm, Tate Gallery, Presented by the Museum of Modern Art, New York 1976, Tate Reference number P01796

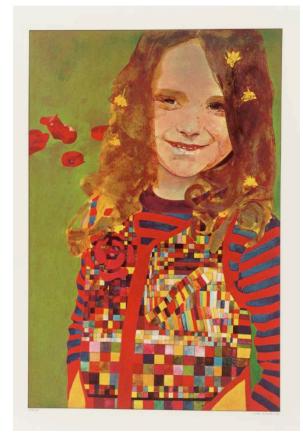


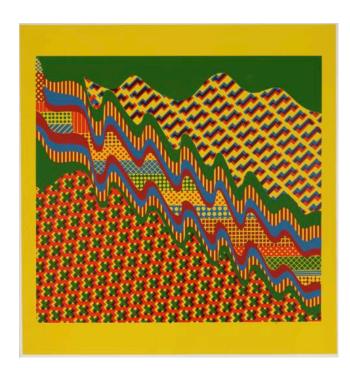
Peter Blake "Beach Boys" (1964)
Screenprint on paper (53 x 30.8cm)
From the Institute of Contemporary
Arts portfolio. Tate Gallery. Presented
by Rose and Chris Prater through the
Institute of Contemporary Prints
1975. Tate reference P04038



<u>Harold Cohen</u> (born 1928), 'Richard VI From <u>Richard Hamilton'</u> (1967) Screenprint on paper, 65.3 x 73.5 cm, Tate Gallery. Presented by Rose and Chris Prater through the Institute of Contemporary Prints 1975

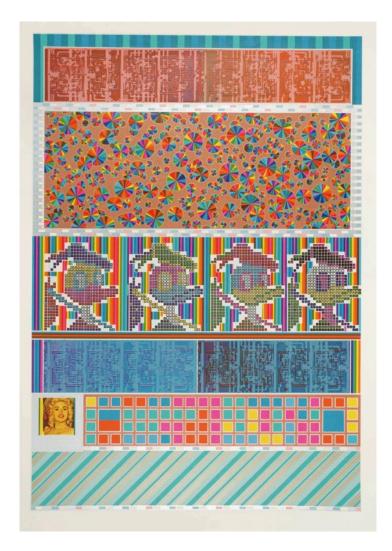
Peter Blake (born 1932), 'Girl in a Poppy Field' (1974) Screenprint on paper, 41.3 x 27.3 cm Tate Gallery. Presented by Waddington Galleries through the Institute of Contemporary Prints 1975

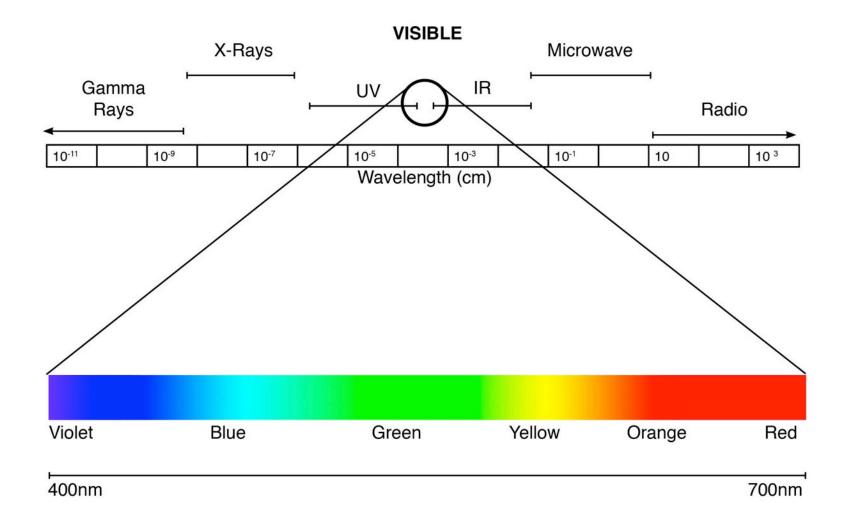


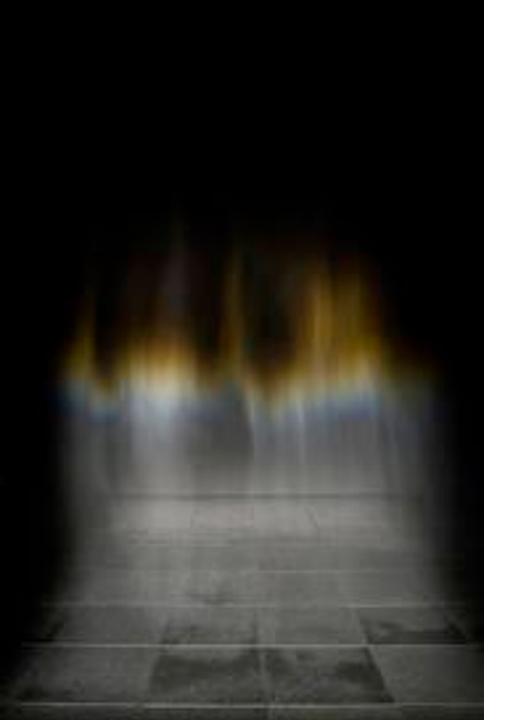


Eduardo Paolozzi, Untitled proof trial for As Is When, Screenprint on paper, 54.9 x 52.4 cm, Tate Gallery

Sir Eduardo Paolozzi (1924-2005) 833. Whipped Cream, A Taste of Honey, Peanuts, Lemon Tree, Others From Universal Electronic Vacuum (1967), Screenprint on paper, 88.8 x 61cm



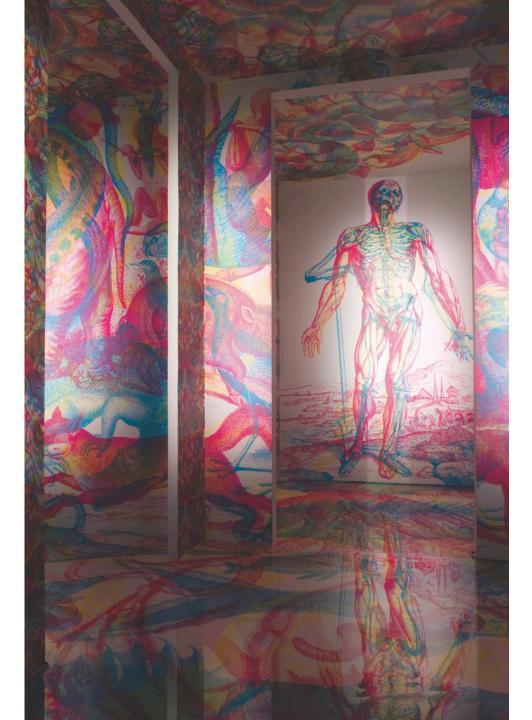




Olafur Eliasson "Beauty", (1993) Fresnel lamp, water, nozzles, hose, wood, and pump. Museum of Contemporary Art, Los Angeles, purchased with funds provided by Paul Frankel. A spotlight shines obliquely through a curtain of fine mist, creating an indoor rainbow. Your experience of the visual effects is generated by the intersection of water and light and varies in relation to your viewing position within the room.



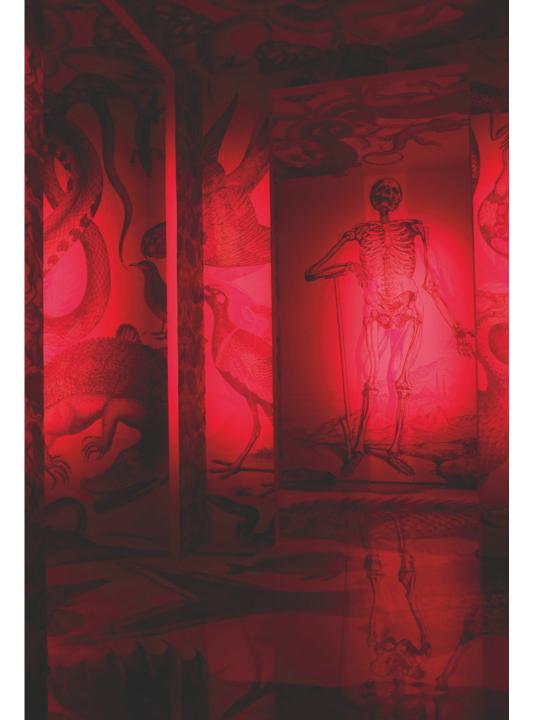
Savage, You Will Have What You Want Sometime Soon (2011), LED lights, Spike Island, Bristol



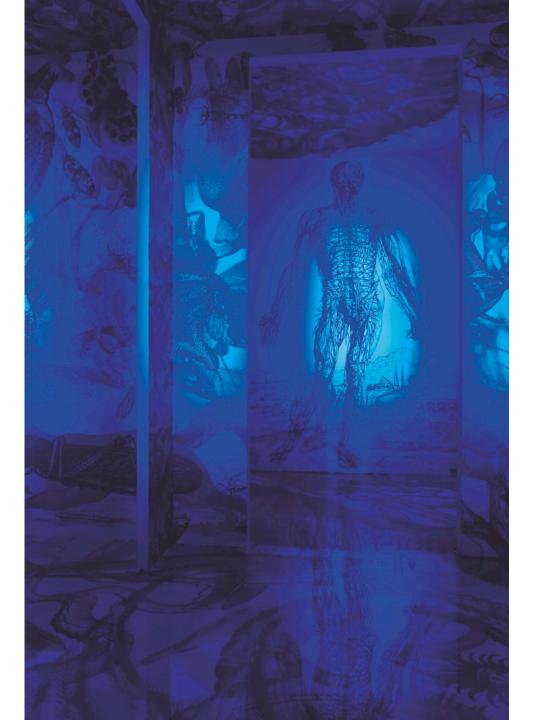
Designer: Carnovsky, Work Title: RGB, Medium: Wallpaper installation, Year: 2010, Place: J&V Showroom, Milano,

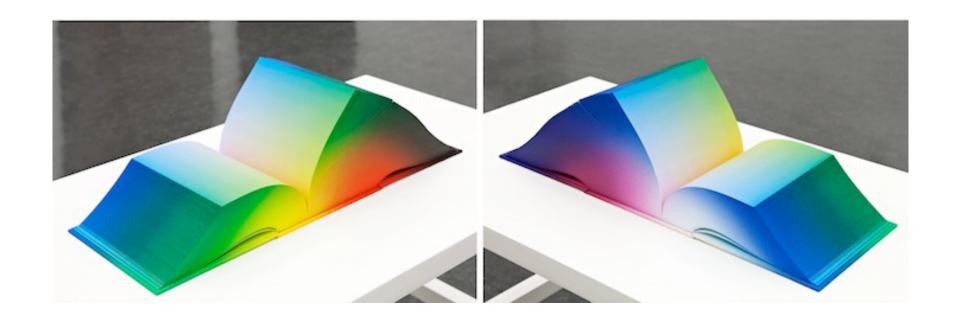
Photographer: Luca Volpe

http://www.carnovsky.com/RGB.htm



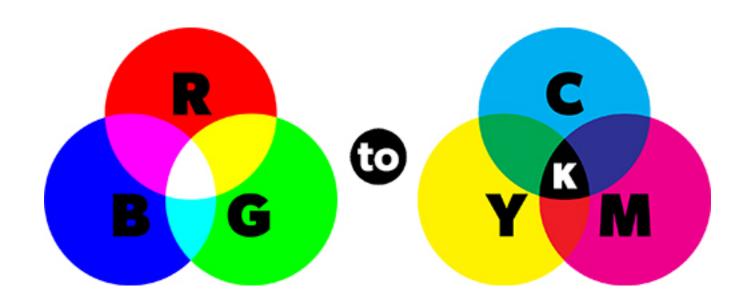


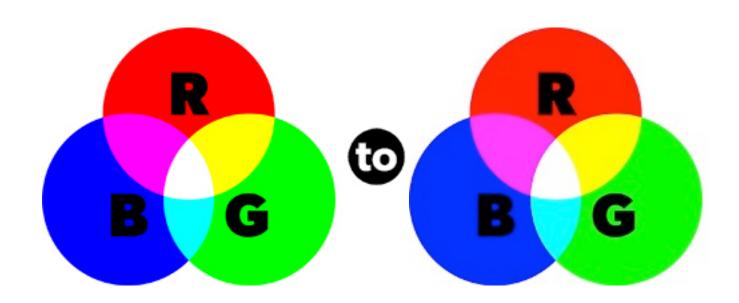


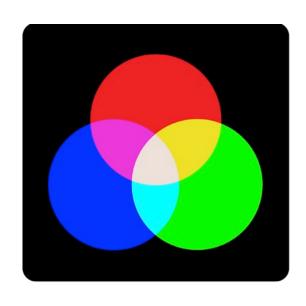


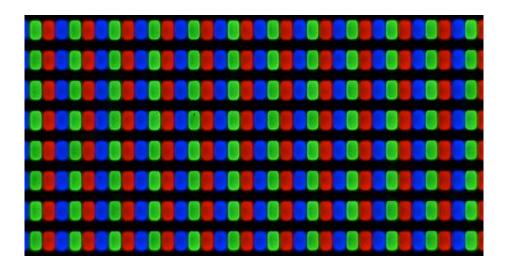
<u>Tauba Auerbach</u>, 'RGB Colorspace Atlas', (20 x 20 x 20 cm) digital offset print on paper with airbrushed cloth cover, printed at Wide Awake Garage

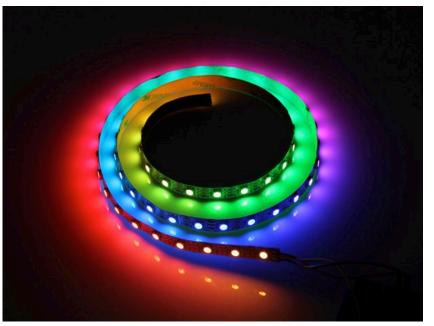
http://www.designboom.com/weblog/cat/10/view/23357/tauba-auerbach-rgb-colorspace-atlas.html

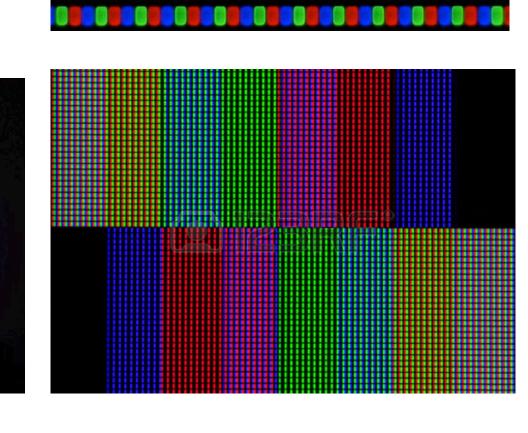




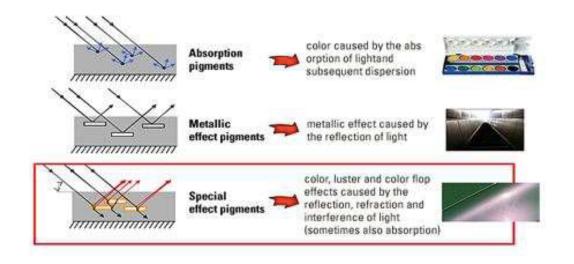








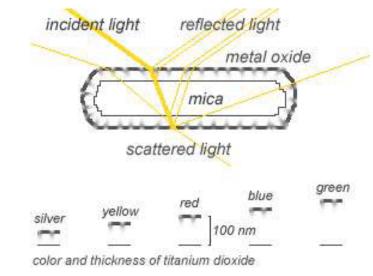
#### How they work?





#### **Applications**

- Coatings
- Plastics
- Inks
- Cosmetics
- Personal Care





http://www.merck-performancematerials.com/en/coatings/basics\_pigment\_technology/basics\_pigment\_technology.html





Red



Green

Blue

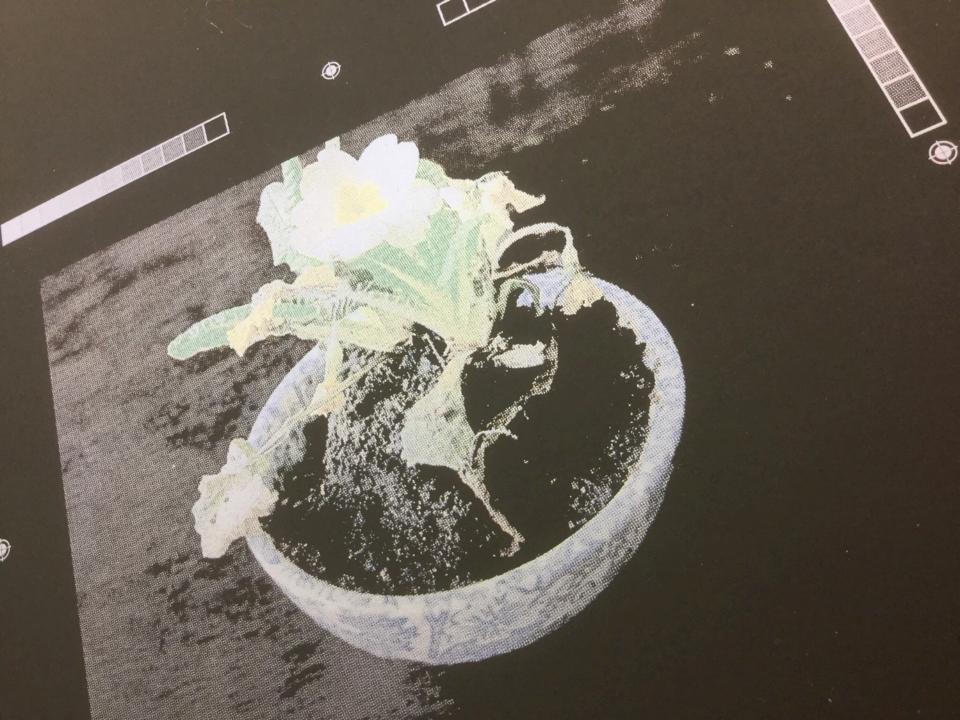
















## Thank you for listening

Carinna Parraman
Centre for Fine Print Research, University of the West of England

Carinna.Parraman@uwe.ac.uk





