

RGB COLOUR PRINTING AND HALFTONING FOR THE REPRODUCTION OF STRUCTURAL COLOUR IMAGES



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RGB COLOUR PIGMENT PRINTING

Pigment colour printing on black paper, mimicking the mixing of coloured light, that affords the potential to reproduce structural colour, such as beetles, shells and feathers.







Merck SpectravalTM

GAMUT









GAMUT







HALFTONING



A graded grey is shown and through a simulation of printing of three process colours: cyan, yellow and magenta, onto a white paper shows the overlapping of halftone cells (top left) where equal proportions of cyan, magenta and yellow will optically mix to appear as a grey.

Hans Neugebauer's eight primary colours. The primary colours are (from left to right) white (of the paper); cyan, magenta and yellow; blue, red and green; black. (Illustration adapted from Viggiano 1995)

Halftone cells increasing in percentage from light to dark Angle of halftone or AM screen indicated above at 45°

COLOUR HALFTONING

Stochastic FM screening, tightly spaced microdots Inkjet Randomly placed for optimal image reproduction Many colours Alleviates moiré

Traditional AM screening Litho, offset, gravure Fixed angles 4 colours Moiré

Process Colour Angle#1		Angle#2	Ang	
Cyan	75°	75°	4	
Magenta	45°	15°	7	
Yellow	0°	0°	(
Black	15°	45°		

gle#3 15° 75°

0°

15°

COLOUR HALFTONING

Examples of primary process colours printed at different percentages using a range of print processes. The inkjet sample shows full primary colours printed at 100% and demonstrates the extended process primary colours now used in digital printing. The white patch indicates a gloss, which is used as an enhancer to increase the surface gloss on photographic papers

RGB COLOUR GAMUT PROBLEM

GAMUT

RGB PRINTING

PROCESS AND OUTPUT

Images by Abigail Trujillo Vazquez, Susanne Klein, Harrie Fuller and Carinna Parraman

PROCESS AND OUTPUT

RGB image split into RGB channels

RGB Black means no ink. White is 100% reg, green and blue

PAPER

Paper/Supplier	Туре	Colour	Measurement					
			L*	A*	B*			
John Purcell Paper (www.johnpurcell.net)								
Somerset	Velvet	Black	21.59	0.30	0.35			
Velin Arches		Noir	22.18	0.53	-0.93			
Magnani	Revere	Black	23.35	0.03	-1.43			
G.F Smith (www.gfsmith.com)								
Colorplan	Smooth	Ebony	21.26	0.19	-1.28			
Gmund	Urban	Architect Black	22.59	2.27	-2.35			
Gmund	Action	Go to Hell Black	23.04	1.96	-1.79			
Neenah	Plike	Black	23.58	-0.16	-0.87			
Peregrina	Majestic	Anthracite	23.97	-0.31	-3.19			
Mohawk	Strathmore Grandee	Black	24.32	0.05	-2.45			
Accent	Fresco	Black	28.07	0.23	0.38			
Slater Harrison (www.slater-harrison.co.uk)								
Slater Harrison	CenturaPearl	Black	10.78	-015	-1.14			
Arboreta Papers (http://arboretapapers.co.uk)								
Arboreta	Sugar Paper	Black	22.53	0.24	-0.61			

www.printmakingtoday.co.uk

RGB HALFTONING

5X Magnification

- Woodbury Gravure (TL)
- Halftone screenprint (TR)
- Stochastic screenprint (BL)
- Stochastic relief (BR)

WOODBURY GRAVURE

Lazer P 100 V 100 (cut twice) or V50 x 1

600 LPI 600 DPI

HALFTONE SCREENPRINT

DPI = in 300 out 300 LPI = 75 Angles = R 75, B 15, G 0

STOCHASTIC SCREENPRINT

https://stochaster.org/stochaster.html

DPI = in 300 out 300 LPI = 50Angles = R 15, B 45, G 75 Pattern shape = Turing

S T O C H A S T I C R E L I E F

Lazer P 100 V50

600 LPI 600 DPI

SCREENPRINT

S T O C H A S T I C S C R E E N P R I N T

W O O D B U R Y G R A V U R E

S T O C H A S T I C R E L I E F

MICRO-PHOTOGRAPHS

- Nikon Eclipse LV150N
- Digital Sight Camera
- NIS Elements software
- Nikon Optics 20x /0.45 and 5x /0.15

20X Magnification

SCREENPRINT

White R+G+B

Green

Red

Blue

S T O C H A S T I C S C R E E N P R I N T

White R+G+B

Green

Red

Blue

WOODBURY GRAVURE

White R+G+B

Green

Red

Blue

S T O C H A S T I C R E L I E F

Green

White R+G+B

Red

Blue

CONTACT US @ CFPR RESEARCH

THANK YOU

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